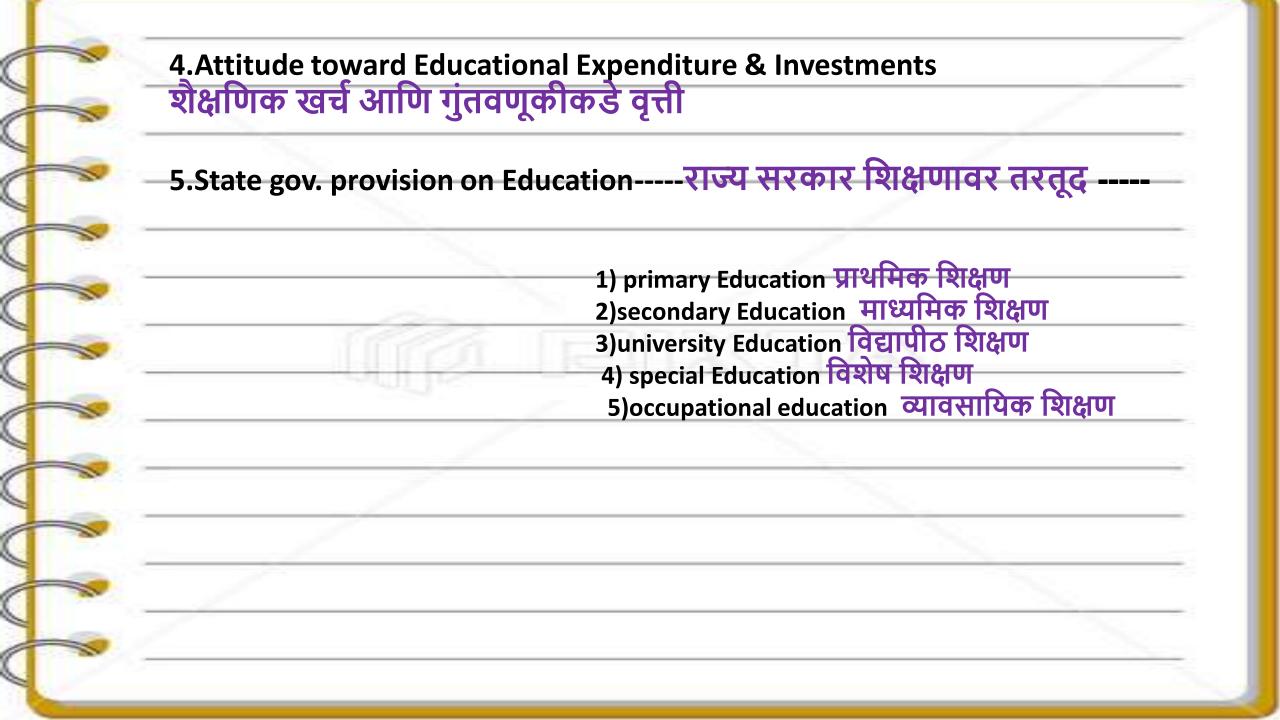
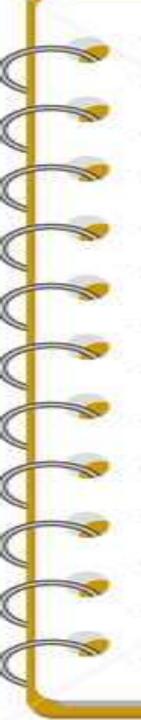
# 3.2 Political Economy of Education-Implication for Growth, **Equality & social change** Nature of the political Economy of Education---1. Expenditure of state gov. on Education राज्य सरकारचा खर्च. शिक्षणावर 2.Planning नियोजन 3.Policy on Educational Expenditure शैक्षणिक खर्चाबाबतचे धोरण



# Relationship between education and social change

- Education initiates the social change and gives them direction and purpose.
- Education creates the social reformers and leaders who consciously make all the efforts to bring about social changes.
- Education determines the nature of social changes, which ought to be brought about.
- Education prepares the individual for social changes. It brings a change in the need – dispositions and also frustrations with the status.



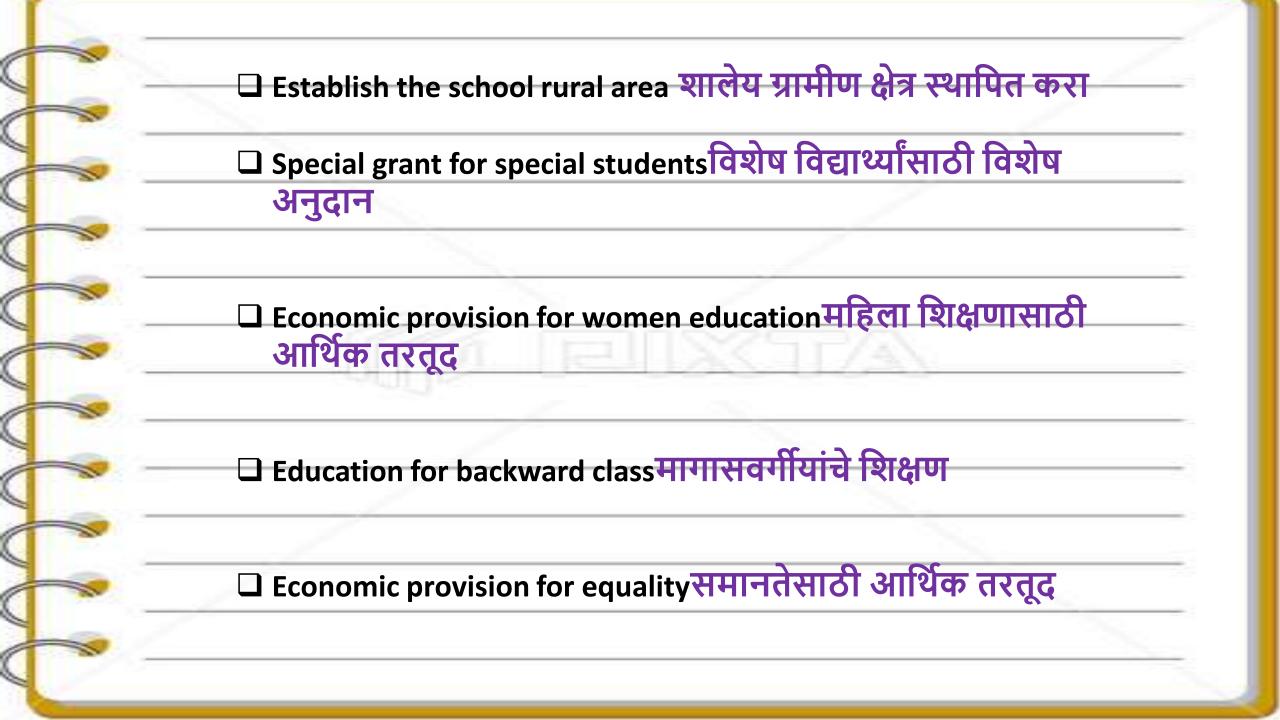
## IMPLICATION FOR POLITICAL ECONOMY OF EDUCATION FOR EQUALITY IN EDUCATION—

"Educational equality also referred to as" equality in education is measure of achievement fairness and opportunity in education."

"शैक्षणिक समानता देखील "शिक्षणामधील समानता म्हणजे कर्तृत्वाचे औचित्य आणि शिक्षणातील संधीचे मोजमाप होय."

"The study of the education is often linked with the study of excellence and equality depends on two factors."

"शिक्षण अभ्यास अनेकदा अभ्यास दुवा साधला आहेउत्कृष्टता आणि समानता दोन घटकांवर अवलंबून असतो."



#### social change---



"Social change means change in change in structure of society"

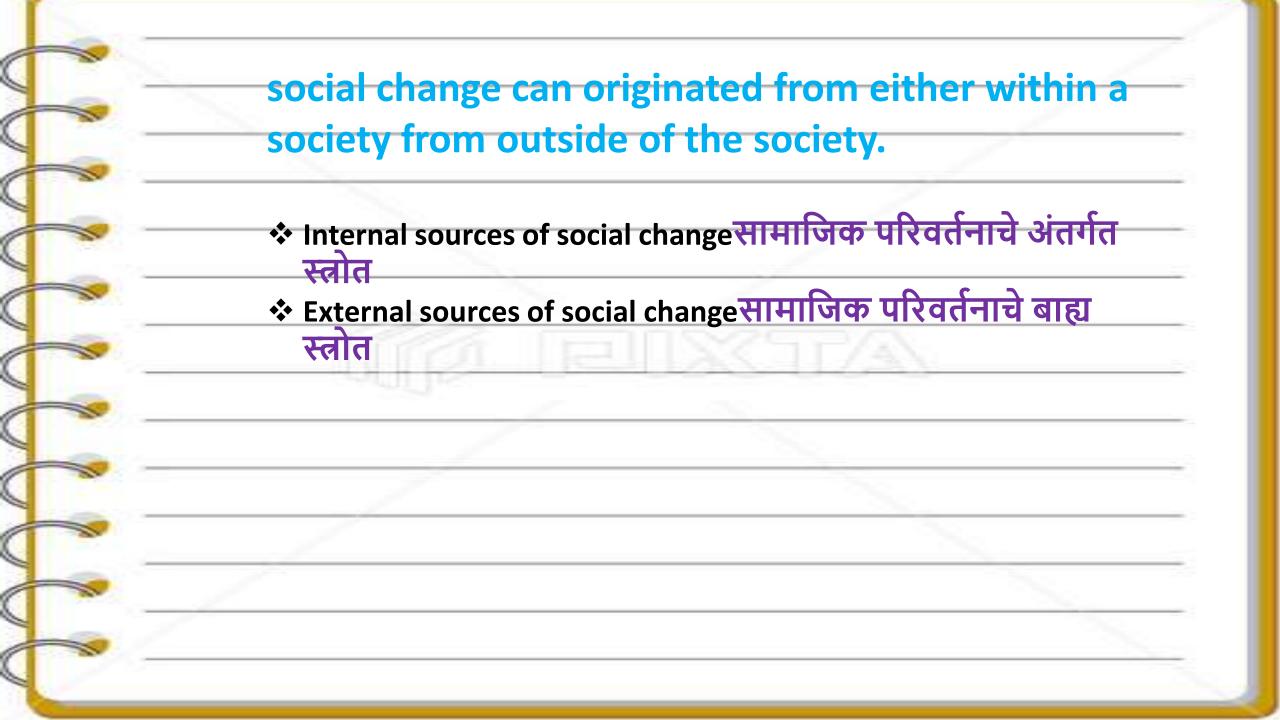
"सामाजिक बदल म्हणजे समाजाच्या रचनेत बदल होणे"

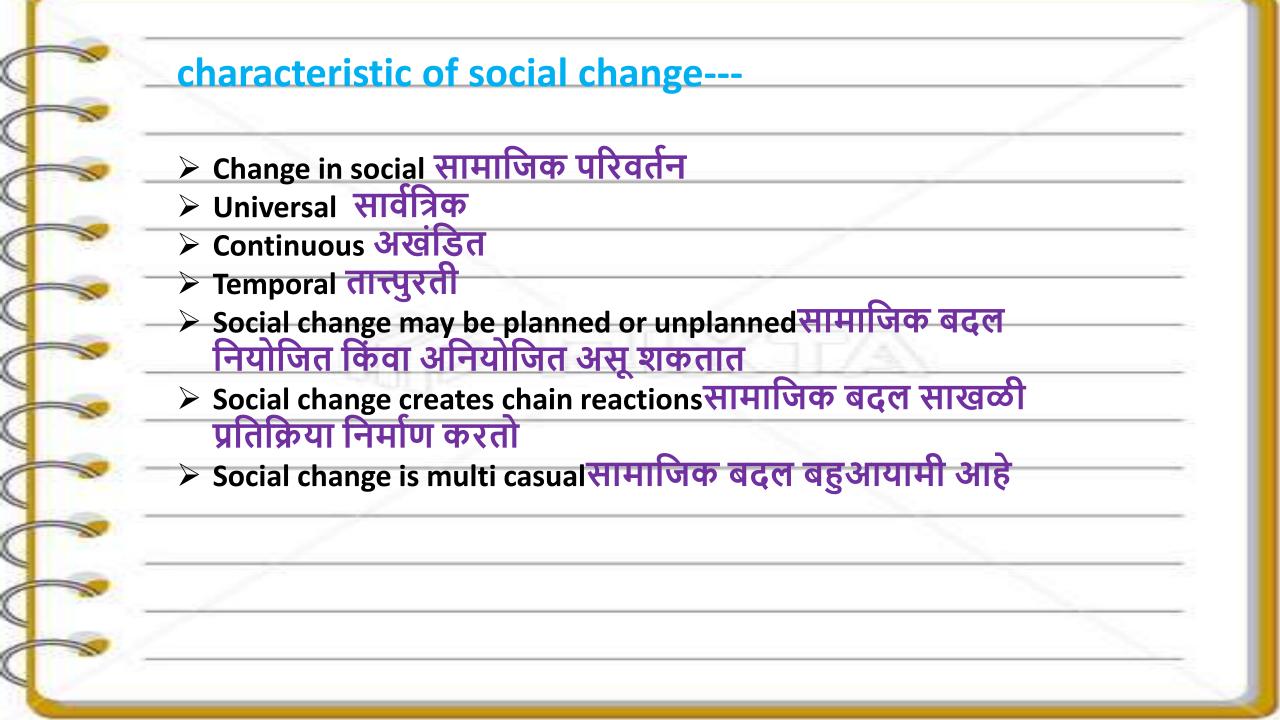


"Social change, in sociology, the alteration of the mechanism within the social structure, characterized by change in cultural symbols, rule of behaviour, social organization or value system."

"सामाजिक बदल, समाजशास्त्रात, सामाजिक संरचनेतील यंत्रणेतील बदल, सांस्कृतिक प्रतीकांमध्ये बदल, वर्तनाचा नियम, सामाजिक संस्था किंवा मूल्य प्रणाली."

"By social change, i understand a change in social structure, the size of the society, the composition of the balance of its parts, or the type of its organization "MORRIS GINSBERG. " समाजाचा आकार रचना ,समाजाच्या विविध भागातील समतोल सामाजिक संघटना यात होणारा बदल म्हणजे सामाजिक परिवर्तन होय ."





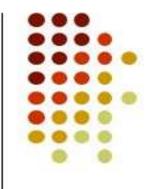
#### Different Aspects of Social Change

- Economic Aspect
- Political Aspect
- Religious Aspect
- Moral Aspect
- Scientific and Technological Aspect

#### Factors Affecting Social Change

- Cultural Factor
- Geographic Factors
- Environmental Factors
- Economic Factors
- Technological Factors
- Factor of Population
- Psychological Factor
- Ideological Factors
- · Factor of war
- Miscellangous Factors

### **Causes of Social Change**



The causes of social change below affect or characterize every aspect of society across the world.

On a macro scale: They shape all of our major social institutions such as economics, politics, religion, family, education, science/technology, military, legal system, and so on.

On a micro scale: They shape values, attitudes, beliefs and behaviors of human being to all over the world.

#### HOW EDUCATION AFFECT SOCIAL CHANGE

- The role of education as an agent or instrument of social change
- It means that educated people are more likely to know and understand the rationale for social change.
- Social change take place when human need change
- education helps a person to form a more open opinion to any change that is proposed or has already occurred.

#### TYPES OF SOCIAL CHANGE

- 1.Cvilization change
- Eg; change in food habits, dress,prodution technologies, communication system
- 2.cultural change
- Eg; its associated with new knowledge, relegion,rituals,literature etc.

## FACTORS INFLUENCING FOR SOCIAL CHANGE

- Geographical factors
- natural disaster migration of people, climatic changes
- Psychological factors
- · Motivation, individualisation
- Sociological factors
- Every individuals culture, social beliefs, value system, lead social changes. like fashions womens's liberation movement and satyagrahas definetly cause lot immense of social change in diverse directions.

## EDUCATIONAL AND SOCIAL CHANGES INDIA

- The modern concept of education is of recent origin
- The tradition of education was present from ancient civilization itself but that was limited to upper casts only.
- Foundation of modern education was laid by the british in our country'
- The educational organization that emerged was divided into pri mary, high school and college/ University
- In that period primary education was neglected and higher education was encouraged

