Causes and types of developmental disabilities

Prin.Dr.Chandrakant Borse

M.V.P.Samaj's Adv.V.G.Hande College of Education, Nashik



Introduction

- Development: Process of maturation or acquisition
- Neurodevelopment: Acquisition of basic gross & fine motor skills. Depends to a great extent on maturation of neural tissue.
- Cognitive development: depends upon genetic & environmental factors. In early childhood difficult to differentiate from neurological & behavioural maturation.
- Complex & dynamic process
- Periods of acceleration & deceleration

Development

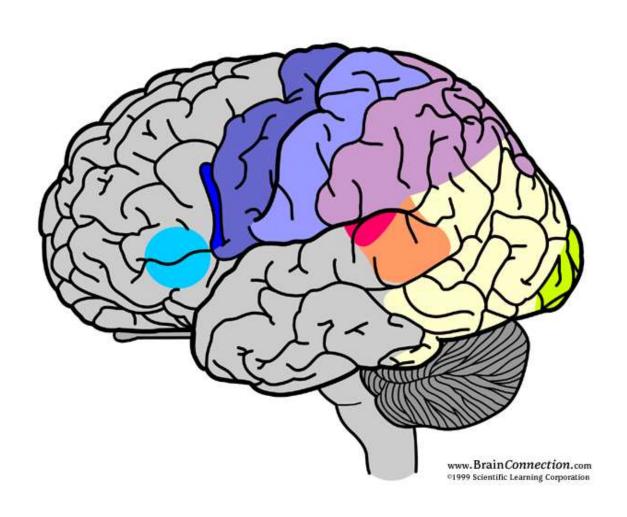
- Continuous process
- Definite sequence
- Head to toe
- Gross to fine
- Depends upon neurological maturation
- Influenced by external factors

Developmental Domains

- Gross Motor
- Fine motor
- Language
- Social, communication
- Adaptive
- Vision
- Hearing



Specific Areas in the Brain



Childhood Disabilities

Disability:

- Lack of or restricted ability to perform an activity in the manner or within a range considered normal by the society.

· Handicap:

- A disadvantage for a given individual resulting from a disability that limits or prevents fulfillment of a role considered normal for that individual.

Cont....

· Incidence: About 8-10% of children

 Establishment of Diagnosis: Essential for Intervention Plan

 Completeness of diagnosis: Availability of Experienced personnel and Lab services

Types of Disabilities

- Physical defects / dysfunction
- Sensory deficits
- Intelligence / cognitive deficits
- · Emotional disturbances
- Learning problems

Cerebral Palsy



Physical / Motor

- Poliomyelitis
- Cerebral palsy
- Loss of limb/s
- Motor neuron disease
- Neuro muscular disorders
- Muscular dystrophy



Sensory deficit

- Partial / complete blindness
- · Partial / complete deafness

Speech and language disorders

- Disorders of articulation
- Disorders of voice-pitch, loudness
- Disorders of rhythm stuttering
- Disorders of expression

Disorders of Intelligence

- Mental Retardation
- Slow learners

Pervasive Developmental disorders

- Autism
- Asperger Syndrome

Learning disorders

- · Specific Learning disabilities
 - Dyslexia
 - Dysgraphia
 - Dyscalculia

Causes of Disabilities

Prenatal

Genetic, Chromosomal
Infections in mother
Exposure to toxic substances
Thyroid deficiency
Congenital defects in the brain

Causes

Perinatal

Deprivation of oxygen during birth Abnormal fetal presentation Difficulties during the process of labour Injury to the brain & bleeding in the brain Low weight baby Breathing problems Severe jaundice Severe infection

Causes -

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    Postnatal

   Infections of the brain
   Iodine deficiency
   Accidents & Head Injury -> Bleeding &
 Hypoxia
   Metabolic disorders: hypoglycemia, PKU
   Malnutrition
   Environmental causes: Lack of love,
     security, motivation, discipline
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Needs of children with disabilities

A. Normal needs:

Medical care, immunization, play, education etc.

B. Special needs:

- Special services physiotherapy, early intervention therapy
- Special aids Hearing aids
- Special equipment Calipers, shoes, wheel-chair
- Special Education

C. Care of the whole family

Educational Needs

- Main-stream education
- Remedial education
- Curriculum adjustment
- · Changes in the examination pattern
- Concessions / Accommodations

Our Roles

- · Developmental surveillance
- Identification of abnormality
- Assessment
- Remedial plan
- Treatment
- Rehabilitation
- Vocational training

Thank you!

